Discussion of:

The Earnings Premium of First-Degree Nepotism in the Chilean Formal Private Sector

by J. Cortés, J. Días, P. Gutierrez, P. Troncoso, E. Muñoz

André Victor Doherty Luduvice

Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland

IIPF 2023

The views and findings expressed here are those of the author's and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland or the Federal Reserve System.

Basic Idea and Main Results

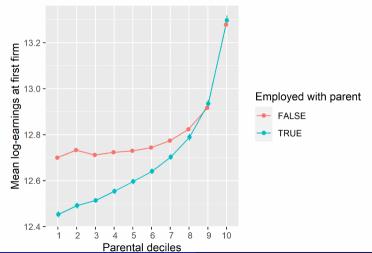
- The paper studies the effects of parental assistance to children at entry-level jobs (nepotism):
 - Documents empirically the effect of being employed with parents in Chile's formal sector
 - Develops non-causal (projections) and causal analyses (exact matching)
 - Focus on results across parental income distribution
- ► Main results:
 - At the bottom of the distrib., uncond. earnings are lower for children whose first job is with parent
 - After controls, interactions, and matching: the wedge persists
 - Opposite result when compared to developed countries: assortative matching and intergenerational mobility (Chetty et al.'s agenda)

Takeaway Lessons and Strong Suits

- ► Takeaway Lessons:
 - Parental income rank matters, absorbs substantial part of the negative effect
 - Firm fixed effects are key, poor parents provide opportunity at low quality firms
 - Developing economies can be surprising: needs mechanism
- Strong Suits:
 - Interesting topic, good data, and clear question
 - Counter-intuitive result, but consistent across analysis
 - Good clue of potential mechanism: low-productivity small businesses

Main Figure:

Figure: Mean log(Earnings^c) by treatment status across parental deciles



Discussion of the Paper: Comments and Suggestions

Comments:

- Informality margin should be key, how is that currently in Chile?
- ▶ Are these parent-firms low with productivity? How far are they from informal?
- ▶ Is this a model of entrepreneurship? Is this a mom-and-pop part of the economy?
- Education, parental rank, firm fixed effect decompose forces
- How families at the top distinguish themselves

Suggestions:

- Explore more "social capital" literature what drives mobility?
- ► The answer might shed light into what traps poor children into low-paying jobs, or how to move up

Discussion of the Paper: Suggestions and Edits

- More suggestions:
 - Make strategy for further steps clear: will this be purely causal empirical exercise? Model for mechanism? Can we decompose without one?
 - Answer might help identify where to focus stylized facts are interesting already
 - Hard to consider sectoral choice without model
- Editorial (free disposal):
 - Summary stats table not quite clear
 - No discussion of best approach? IV?
 - Odd choice of controls in exact matching why not same as before?